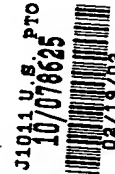




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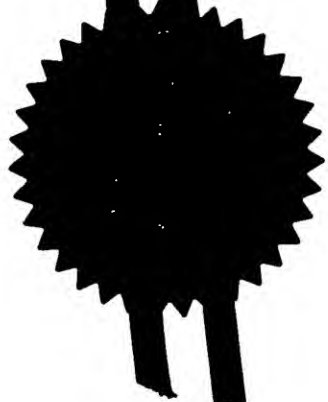
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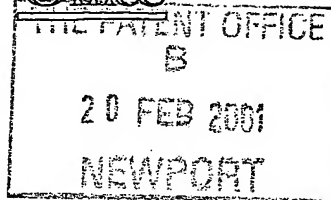
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P01/7700 0.00-0104084.9

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RSN/ME/P11341GB

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20 FEB 2001

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3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

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350 LEGGET DRIVE,
PO BOX 13089,
KANATA,
ONTARIO K2K 2W7,
CANADA

ONTARIO, CANADA

~~7750047004~~
607630006

4. Title of the invention

MICROPHONE GASKET WITH INTEGRATED
ACOUSTIC RESISTANCE

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom
to which all correspondence should be sent
(including the postcode)

CRUIKSHANK & FAIRWEATHER,
19 ROYAL EXCHANGE SQUARE,
GLASGOW G1 3AE,
UNITED KINGDOM

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

547002

6. If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number

Country

Priority application number
(if you know it)

Date of filing
(day / month / year)

7. If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application

Number of earlier application

Date of filing
(day / month / year)

8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer 'Yes' if:

- a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or
 - b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or
 - c) any named applicant is a corporate body.
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Patents Form 1/77

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Description	4	
Claim(s)	1	<i>13</i>
Abstract	1	
Drawing(s)	5	<i>+5</i>

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Priority documents

Translations of priority documents

Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (*Patents Form 7/77*) 1

Request for preliminary examination and search (*Patents Form 9/77*) 1

Request for substantive examination (*Patents Form 10/77*)

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11. I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Signature *Rukhsana Chaudhry* Date 19/02/01
CRUIKSHANK & FAIRWEATHER

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom Dr. R.S. Naismith
0141-221 5767

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MICROPHONE GASKET WITH INTEGRATED ACOUSTIC RESISTANCE

Field of the Invention

5 The present invention relates in general to microphones, and more specifically to a microphone gasket with integrated acoustic resistance.

Background of the Invention

10 In many electronic appliances (e.g. telephones, answering machines, audio cassette and mini-disc recorders, etc.) integrated microphones are provided to capture acoustic signals. Generally, electret microphones are used because of their low cost and good performance. A microphone gasket or boot is usually used to isolate the microphone from the structure of the appliance and to couple the sound effectively to
15 the microphone. The construction of such microphone gaskets ranges from very simple (e.g. a tube) to very complicated (e.g. multi-part arrangements such as found in high quality telephone handsets).

 In simpler designs, a cloth facing is often used to damp the tube resonances
20 that develop in some microphones. More complex designs utilise a piece of fabric with desired acoustical resistance mounted to a part that is inserted in the appropriate place to provide the desired acoustical damping. In some other designs, reticulated (i.e. open cell) foam is used to provide the acoustical damping.

25 Some lower cost microphones are fabricated without any cloth facing while other microphones incorporate a cloth facing that provides virtually no acoustical damping. When either of such microphones are used, a complex gasket must be added which incorporates a suitable acoustical damping material or else the acoustical performance will suffer.

30

 One further problem with prior art designs is that in order to obtain repeatable acoustical responses using a fabric, foam or other acoustically resistive material the manufacturing process must be very tightly controlled. This adds to the expense of the microphone and ultimately the appliance in which the microphone is used (e.g.

telephone set, answering machine, etc.).

Summary of the Invention

5 According to the present invention, microphone gasket or boot is provided with an integrated acoustic resistance for modifying the acoustical response of the microphone. Preferably, a moulded thermoplastic gasket is provided with an integrated acoustically resistive element in the form of a thin perforated membrane that is moulded into the gasket at an appropriate location.

10

 In a simple tube gasket embodiment where a resistive element is used to replace a cloth that would otherwise adhere to the microphone face, the membrane is placed at the end of the tube very close to the microphone face.

15

 In an embodiment where the acoustical response of the microphone must be shaped by the structure between the microphone and the exterior of the appliance (e.g. telephone set) a series of tubes are provided, each with a membrane at the appropriate location. The specific location of the membrane may be selected using techniques well known to an acoustician that is versed in the art of micro-acoustics.

20

 Since the membrane is not strictly rigid (i.e. it is moulded from thermoplastic) and the perforations are tapered to accommodate the moulding process, the acoustic resistance of a particular membrane can be difficult to predict theoretically. However, the acoustical behaviour of the small perforations in the thin plate membranes may be
25 predicted according to the techniques set forth in M.R. Stinson and E.A.G. Shaw (1985), "Acoustic impedance of small, circular orifices in thin plates", J. Acoust. Soc. Am. 77, 2039-2042).

Brief Description of the Drawings

30

 Embodiments of the present invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1A is a cross sectional view of a gasket designed in accordance with the preferred embodiment;

Figure 1B is a cross sectional view along the line B-B in Figure 1;

Figure 2 is a graph showing the acoustical response of a prior art microphone gasket without perforated membrane;

Figure 3 is a graph showing the acoustical response of a microphone gasket with integrated acoustical resistance having different size holes, in accordance with the preferred embodiment of Figure 1; and

Figure 4 is a graph showing the acoustical response of a prior art microphone gasket with only a cloth microphone covering.

Detailed Description of Preferred Embodiments

Figures 1A and 1B show a simple tube gasket designed in accordance with the preferred embodiment, for coupling sound into a hands free microphone for a telephone set. The gasket [1] has a tube [2] along which sound travels to the microphone [4]. The length of the tube [2] is chosen to provide a 4000Hz cut-off frequency and to provide significant electrostatic discharge protection. Using the rule of thumb of 1KV of protection per millimetre, the tube is 15mm long. It is customary in gasket designs of the form shown generally in Figure 1 for the manufacturer to provide a simple cloth facing for the microphone. However, for the reasons discussed above such cloth facings are often unsuitable. Therefore, in accordance with the present invention, a thin perforated membrane [3] is moulded into the gasket [1] as an integral part thereof for providing the required acoustical resistance to damp the resonance inherent in the tube construction. According to the preferred embodiment, nine square holes of 0.25mm were evenly distributed throughout the 2.5mm diameter, 0.5mm thick membrane. Stinson and Shaw verified the following equation for predicting the acoustical impedance of thin perforated plates:

$$R \approx \frac{8}{9} \mu \left(t + \frac{16a}{3\pi} \right) / \pi a^4, \quad L \approx \frac{4}{27} \rho \left(t + \frac{16a}{3\pi} \right) / \pi a^2, \quad \text{for } a\sqrt{\rho\omega/\mu} < 1$$

$$R \approx \sqrt{2\mu\omega} \left(t + \frac{16a}{3\pi} \right) / 9\pi a^3, \quad L \approx \rho \left(t + \frac{16a}{3\pi} \right) / 9\pi a^2, \quad \text{for } a\sqrt{\rho\omega/\mu} > 10$$

$a = \text{radius of hole}, \quad t = \text{thickness of membrane}$
 $\mu = \text{viscosity of air}, \quad \rho = \text{density of air}$

As the holes of the preferred embodiment are in parallel, multiple holes reduce the impedance correspondingly. It will be understood however, that the above equations can only be used as a rough guide since the holes used were square and tapered and the membrane was not perfectly rigid.

Figure 2 illustrates the response of a microphone constructed without the perforated membrane [3] of the present invention. Figure 3 illustrates the acoustical response of a microphone constructed using the perforated membrane [3], for different sizes of perforations (0.40mm, 0.35mm, 0.30mm, and 0.25mm). The 9dB broad resonance centred at 2500 Hz seen in Figure 2 is greatly reduced or suppressed in Figure 3, as well as being shifted in frequency and widened. Figure 4 shows that a similar acoustic effect can be obtained by providing a cloth facing to the microphone, however without providing as much design flexibility.

15

It will be appreciated that, although an embodiment of the invention has been described and illustrated in detail, various changes and modifications may be made. For example, the acoustically resistive membrane or screen [3] may be placed at any suitable location within the gasket construction. If the gasket [1] consists of a series of tubes [2], then the respective membranes [3] may be positioned to provide the best acoustical advantage.

20

Other possible applications of the present invention include the design of hearing aids that use an ear mould and a tube, or headsets that have a boom microphone similar to US Patent no. 4,349,082.

25

All of the forgoing changes, modifications and applications may be made without departing from the sphere and scope of the invention as defined by the claims appended hereto.

What is Claimed is:

1. A gasket for use with a microphone, comprising:
 - 5 at least one tube for receiving said microphone and for directing sound thereto, said tube giving rise to a characteristic acoustical response for said microphone; and
a perforated membrane within said tube and constructed integrally therewith for modifying the acoustical response of said microphone.
- 10 2. The gasket of claim 1, wherein said perforated membrane is located adjacent said microphone.
3. The gasket of claim 1, wherein said membrane is perforated with a plurality of
15 holes distributed evenly across said membrane.
4. The gasket of claim 1 wherein said tube is approximately 15 mm in length to provide a 4000Hz cut-off frequency and to provide significant electrostatic discharge protection.
- 20 5. The gasket of claim 3 wherein said membrane is approximately 2.5mm in diameter and 0.5mm thick, and nine square holes of 0.25mm are evenly distributed across said membrane.

25

ABSTRACT

An acoustically resistive membrane is incorporated into a gasket construction for use with a microphone. Preferably, a moulded thermoplastic gasket is provided
5 with an integrated acoustically resistive element in the form of a thin perforated membrane that is moulded into the gasket at an appropriate location for optimum acoustic performance.

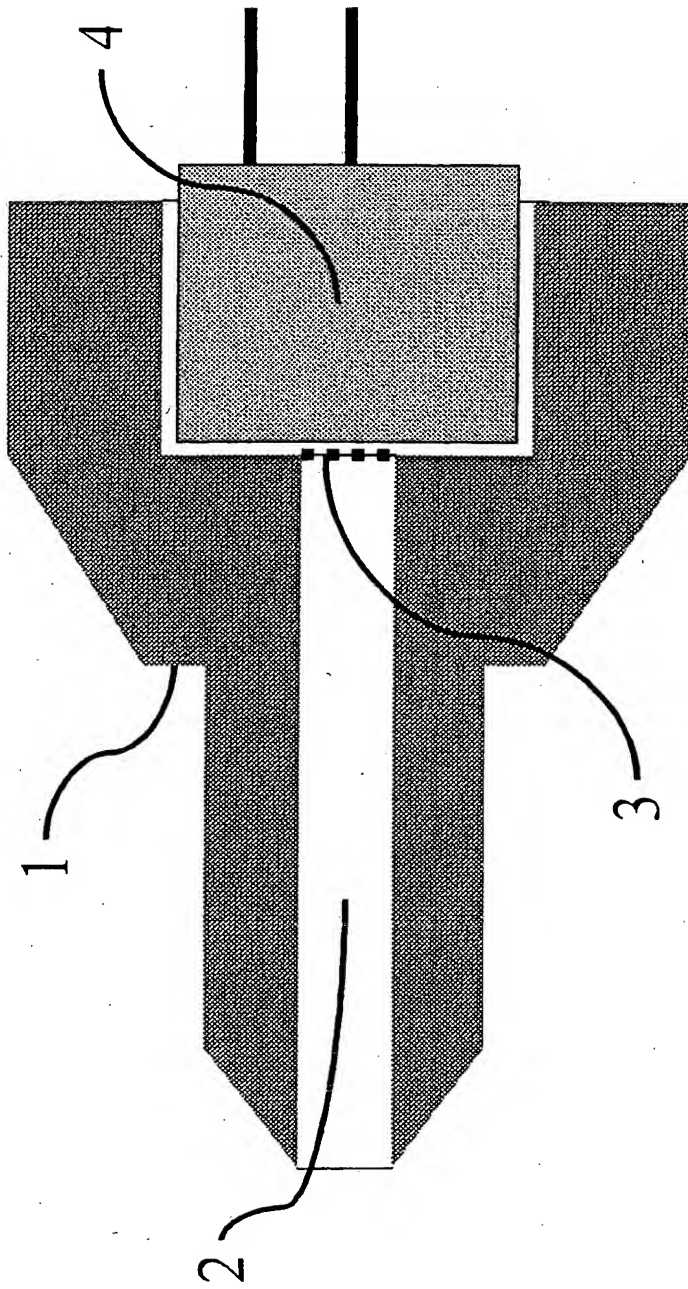


Fig. 1A



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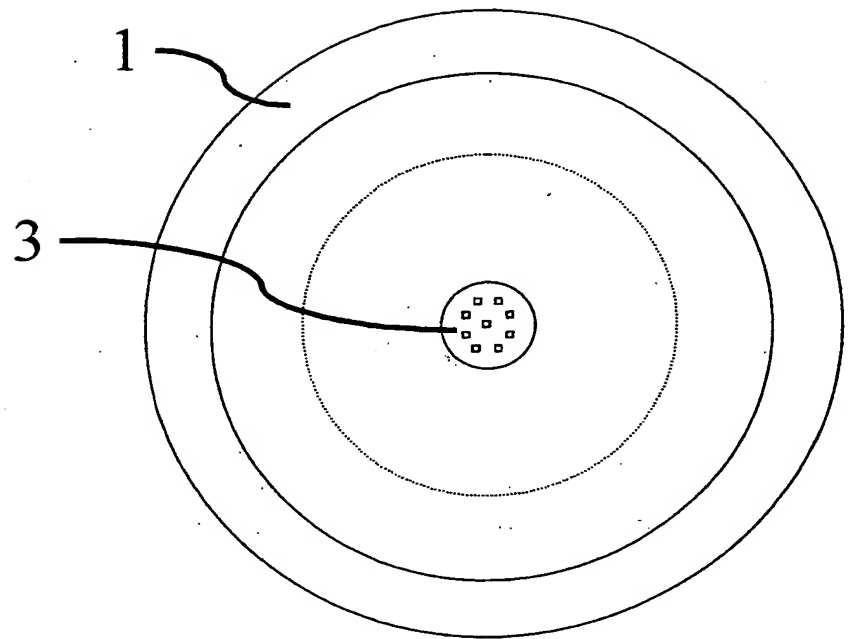


Fig. 1 b

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gasket without grill

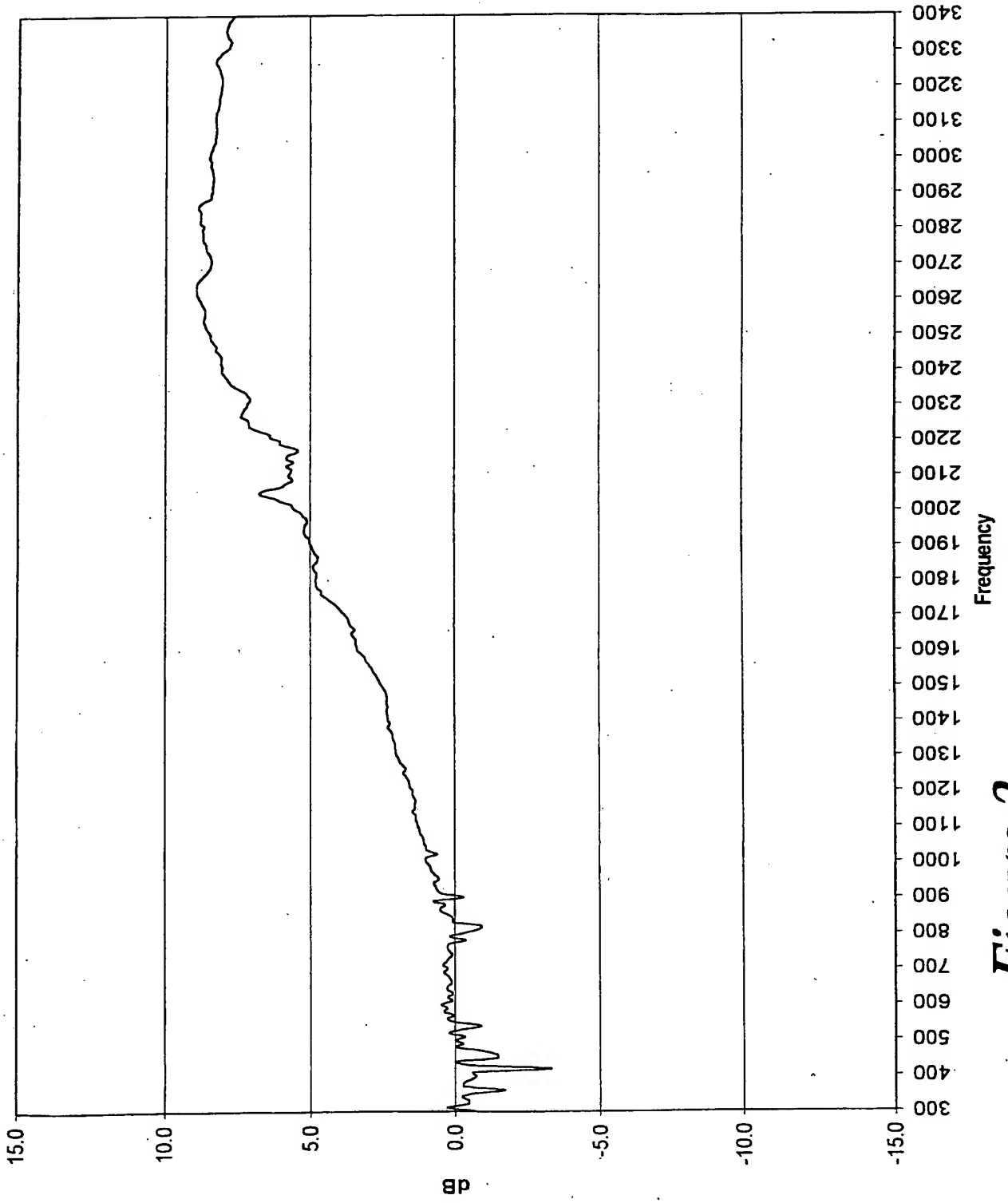


Figure 2

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effect of hole size

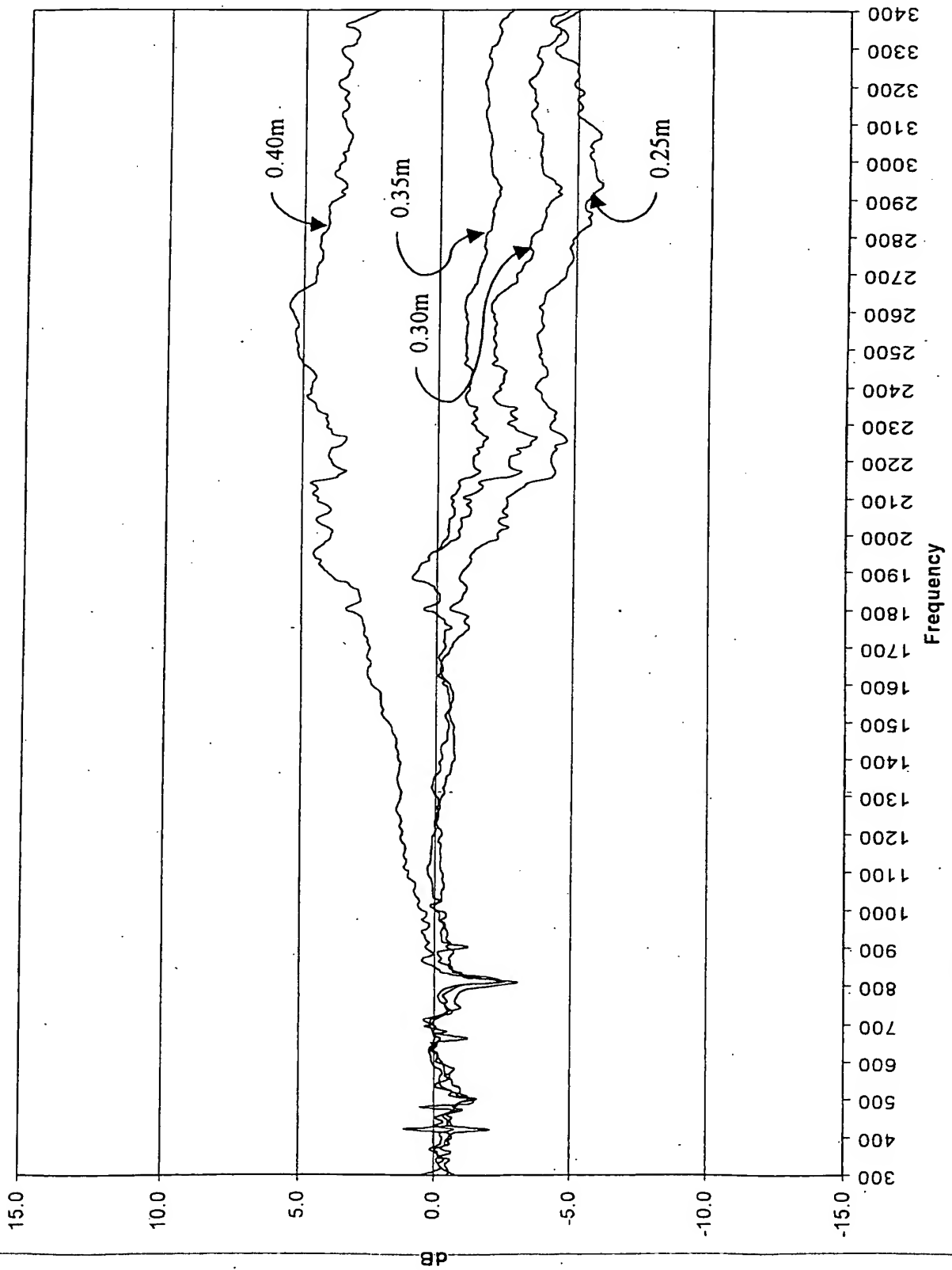


Figure 3

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microphone with cloth

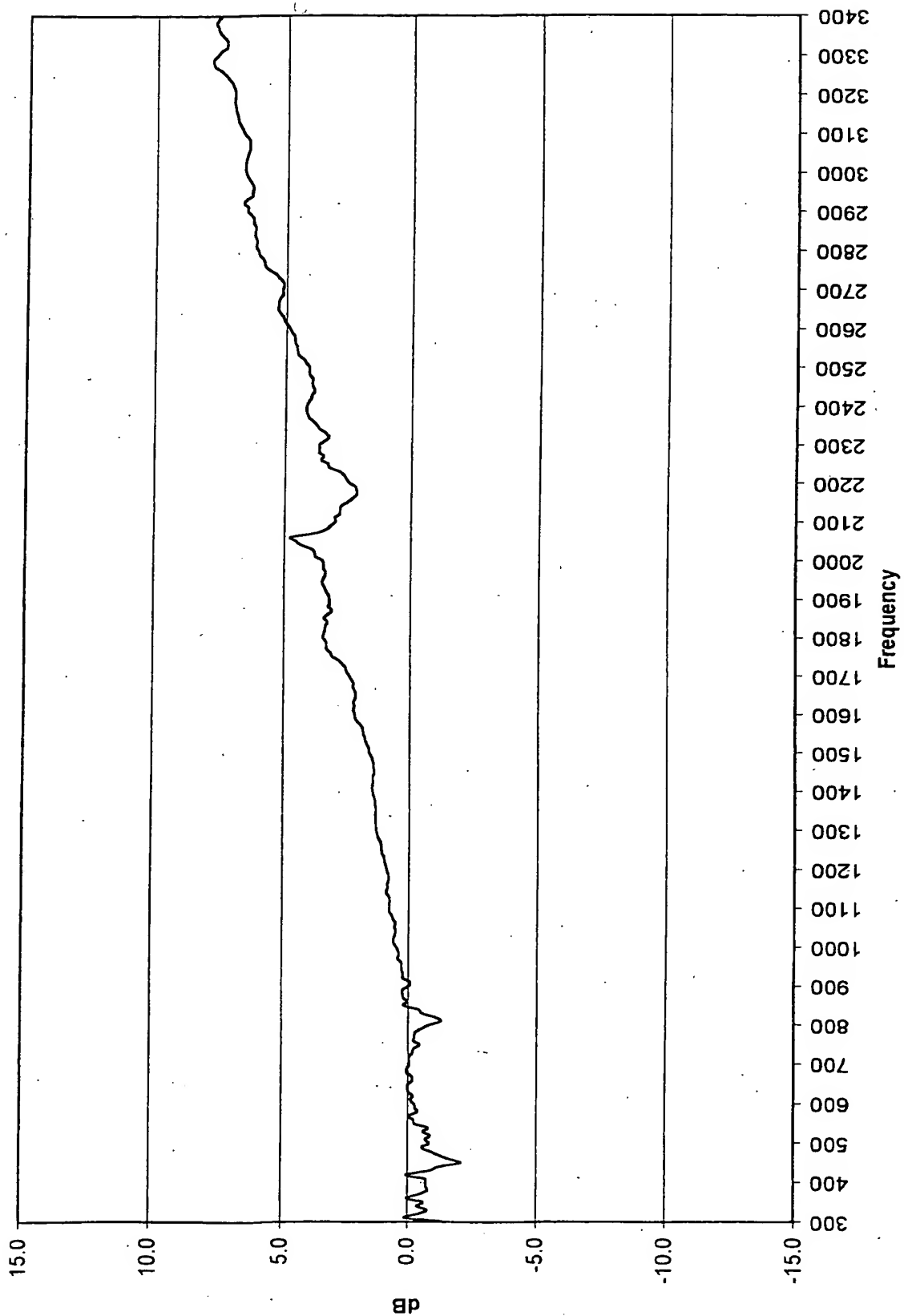


Figure 4

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